



ALERTS

New Amendment Expands CARES Act, Small Business Benefits

April 24, 2020

On April 24, President Trump signed into law a multibillion-dollar amendment to the CARES Act as the depth of the economic impacts of the COVID-19 crisis continues to become more apparent. The amendment includes increased funding for small businesses and financial institutions, and healthcare entities.

The original act, which was passed and signed into law on March 27, provided for more than \$2 trillion in funding for small businesses, unemployment compensation, and larger distressed business assistance.

One particular program established in the original act was the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The PPP was funded approximately \$349 billion and overseen by the Small Business Administration (SBA). In the span of less than two weeks, some 1,660,000 loans had been allocated by almost 5,000 lenders around the country. This accounted for nearly \$343 billion of those initial funds and had the practical effect of rendering the program obsolete, without further funding.

Set-Asides for Insured Depository Institutions, Credit Unions and Community Financial Institutions

This latest stimulus package, titled Paycheck Protection Program Increase Act of 2020, allocates to the PPP more than \$310 billion in additional funding. Further, the PPP Increase Act sets aside portions of the SBA's additional allocations to smaller insured depository institutions, state and federal credit unions and community financial institutions.

Specifically, the amendment requires the SBA to ensure that a minimum

RELATED PEOPLE



Robert T. Grand
Partner
Indianapolis

P 317-231-7222 F 317-231-7433 bob.grand@btlaw.com



David Paragas

Partner Columbus

P 614-628-1407 F 614-628-1433 david.paragas@btlaw.com



Edward Ayoob Partner

Washington, D.C.

P 202-371-6375 F 202-289-1330 edward.ayoob@btlaw.com



Craig S. Burkhardt

Of Counsel (Retired) Washington, D.C., Chicago

P 202-408-6903 F 202-289-1330 craig.burkhardt@btlaw.com of \$30 billion in loans are made by insured depository institutions and credit unions whose consolidated assets range between \$10 billion and \$50 billion. An additional minimum of \$30 billion in loans must be made by community financial institutions, insured depository institutions and credit unions with less than \$10 billion in consolidated assets.

The amendment defines a "community financial institution" as:

- any minority depository institution (where 50 percent or more of the voting stock is owned by minority individuals, or a majority of the board of directors is minority and the community that the institution serves is predominantly minority)
- a development company certified under Title V of the Small Business Investment Act
- an intermediary, as defined by Section 7(m)(11) of the Small Business Investment Act

The SBA will resume accepting PPP loan applications on April 27 at 10:30 a.m. EDT from approved lenders on behalf of any eligible borrower.

Agricultural Enterprise Eligibility for EIDLs

The PPP Increase Act also adds agricultural enterprises, which includes "those small business concerns engaged in the production of food and fiber, ranching, and raising of livestock, aquaculture, and all other farming and agricultural-related industries," to the list of businesses eligible to receive EIDLs and emergency grants. Previously, the SBA had considered agricultural enterprises as ineligible to receive EIDLs, but under the amendment agricultural enterprises, so long as they have 500 or fewer employees, may now be eligible to apply for an EIDL.

Additional Healthcare Allocations

This amendment also allocates an additional \$75 billion to hospitals and healthcare providers (as defined in the CARES Act) and \$25 billion for research, validation, manufacture, purchase, and administration of COVID-19 tests. Some supplementary administration appropriations for the SBA and Health and Human Services (HHS) have also been included in the latest legislation.

For more information about this or other topics involving the federal government and its COVID-19 response, please contact the Barnes & Thornburg attorney with whom you work or a member of the firm's Federal Relations group, Bob Grand at 317-231-7222 or bob.grand@btlaw.com, David Paragas at 614-628-1407 or david.paragas@btlaw.com, Eddie Ayoob at 202-371-6375 or edward.ayoob@btlaw.com, Craig Burkhardt at 202-408-6903 or craig.burkhardt@btlaw.com, David Spooner at 202-371-6377 or david.spooner@btlaw.com, Brandt Hershman at 202-371-6374 or brandt.hershman@btlaw.com, Ron Miller at 202-408-6923 or ronnie.miller@btlaw.com, or Lauren Hancock at 202-408-6911 or lauren.hancock@btlaw.com.

To obtain more information on this or other topics involving the Paycheck



David M. Spooner

Partner Washington, D.C.

P 202-371-6377 F 202-289-1330 david.spooner@btlaw.com



Brandt Hershman

Partner Indianapolis, Washington, D.C.

P 202-371-6374 F 317-231-7433 brandt.hershman@btlaw.com



Mary E. Comazzi

Partner Southeast Michigan, Grand Rapids

P 734-489-8019 F 734-489-8002 Mary.Comazzi@btlaw.com



Ryan J. Barncastle

Partner Los Angeles

P 310-284-3822 F 310-284-3894 ryan.barncastle@btlaw.com

RELATED PRACTICE AREAS

Corporate
COVID-19 Resources

RELATED INDUSTRIES

Federal Government Relations and Lobbying

Protection Program or Economic Injury Disaster Loans, please contact the Barnes & Thornburg attorney with whom you work or Jason Myers at 214-258-4157 or jason.myers@btlaw.com, Mary Comazzi at 947-215-1319 or mary.comazzi@btlaw.com, Jeremy Reidy at 260-425-4662 or jeremy.reidy@btlaw.com, Jenni Tauzel at 214-258-4145 or jtauzel@btlaw.com, or Ryan Barncastle at 310-284-3822 or ryan.barncastle@btlaw.com.

© 2020 Barnes & Thornburg LLP. All Rights Reserved. This page, and all information on it, is proprietary and the property of Barnes & Thornburg LLP. It may not be reproduced, in any form, without the express written consent of Barnes & Thornburg LLP.

This Barnes & Thornburg LLP publication should not be construed as legal advice or legal opinion on any specific facts or circumstances. The contents are intended for general informational purposes only, and you are urged to consult your own lawyer on any specific legal questions you may have concerning your situation.